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MEMORANDUM

TO: Jefferson County Planning Commission
FROM: Luke Seigfried, Chief County Planner
DATE: November 4, 2025
RE: Draft Subdivision Regulations and Zoning Ordinance Amendments – Proposed Residential Commercial District (File # STA25-04 & ZTA25-04)

Background

Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance currently contains the Residential – Light Industrial – Commercial (RLIC) district, which allows a broad range of uses and is one of few alternatives for many developments with commercial land use. The new Residential Commercial District are intended as an alternative to RLIC. The amendment was introduced at the June 10, 2025 meeting alongside the Office Commercial Updates (File # ZTA 25-05) but rescheduled to the August 12, 2025 meeting, where the Planning Commission expressed interest in processing the three Zoning District Text Amendments separately. At the September 23, 2025 meeting, Planning Commission directed staff to draft language requiring Residential Commercial developments to have a minimum of 25% commercial uses. This language has been included under Additional Requirements in the proposed Zoning text amendment. The following proposal is for a simplified residential and commercial zoning option consistent with Objective 1.1 and 1.2 of the 2045 Comprehensive Plan.

Sections of the Subdivision Regulations to Amend

1. Section 21.105 – Parkland Requirements
2. Section 22.208B – Sidewalk Modifications

Sections of the Zoning Ordinance to Amend

1. Table of Contents
2. Section 4.6 - Distance Requirements
3. Section 5.1 – List of Districts
4. Section 5.9 – Residential Commercial (RC) District
5. Section 9.5 – Projections Into Yards
6. Appendix A: Residential Site Development Standards Table
7. Appendix B: Non Residential Site Development Standards Table
8. Appendix C: Principal Permitted and Conditional Use Table

Next steps

If the Planning Commission chooses to move forward with the proposed text amendment, a public hearing will be required before the Planning Commission. Following a public hearing, the Planning Commission can recommend the amendment to the County Commission or make additional revisions to the amendment prior to recommendation.

Research and Details about Residential Commercial Mixed Use

1. Creation of new Residential Commercial (RC) district

The primary function of a new Residential Commercial district is to provide an alternative to using the Residential-Light Industrial-Commercial (RLIC) for mixed commercial and residential developments. The RLIC District is simply too permissible with principally permitted uses to be an effective zoning tool. By having different choices to re-zone for high-intensity land use, key issues with mixed-use development in Jefferson County can be addressed. An American Planning Association (APA) report concerning commercial corridor development by Luis Nuñez states “Industrial uses typically generate the greatest number of land-use compatibility concerns” (p. 19). This is a relevant concern for RLIC because it permits residential and commercial uses, but it also permits all light industrial uses. In simple terms, the Residential Commercial district should be designed to accommodate the “R-C” parts of RLIC.

RLIC also permits every type of housing, including mobile home parks and model home sales. These two uses of land are not typically compatible with other types of residences, and many residential areas may not be desirable around permitted industrial uses even with large setbacks. Residential Commercial and Residential Growth are both appropriate alternatives for high-density housing and other appropriate commercial uses (by CUP in Residential Growth).

Washington County, MD establishes a series of Mixed-Use overlay districts, one of which is named ‘MXC Mixed-Use Commercial’ which is intended to “permit a mixture of residential uses and limited commercial development to provide goods and services necessary to the neighborhood” (Zoning Ordinance §16.0.b, 2018) but must be approved first under a master plan. This process is detailed in their Zoning Ordinance §16.5 and includes further stipulations for the characteristics of the proposed development. These requirements indicate that significant effort is required to use this overlay. Master plans and other special requirements will not be in place for Residential Commercial.

The MXC overlay is applied to residential and business districts, meaning it has a broad range of allowed uses. RC will allow a similar range of uses to RLIC, but it disallows all light industrial uses and restricts some commercial uses to conditional or not permitted, due to size or compatibility with residential areas. Combining these more restrictive permitted uses with buffer requirements of Neighborhood Commercial and Industrial-Commercial ensures adequate separation between uses and limits on intensity (impervious surface limit, height limit). Several provisions in Washington County’s ordinance are relevant and appropriate to be included in RC, including buffer requirements and specific mixed-use requirements. Taking some aspects of existing Jefferson County zoning districts and some from MXC will result in increased flexibility of land use and hopefully more adoption of this district in areas designated as Residential Commercial on the Future Land Use Guide.

2. Alignment with 2045 Comprehensive Plan

The creation of Residential Commercial (RC) is justified by Objective 1.1.3 which establishes the need for a district with residential and commercial land uses. Planned Neighborhood Development and RC Mixed-Use, which allow mixed-use development and both residential and commercial uses, are less than 1% of land in Jefferson County. RLIC is 2% of land in Jefferson County.

Since Residential Commercial are two districts that can support multiple uses, re-zonings will eventually accomplish Objective 1.2.1, avoiding future use of RLIC.

References

- Clarke County, VA, Code of Clarke County Chapter 200, Article I §4.1.3 (2025).
- Frederick County, VA County Code Part II §165-705 (2023).
- Loudoun County, VA Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 2, §2.03.04 (2023).
- Majors, C., Hill, J. R., Stewart, C., & Tovey, J. D. Planned Unit Developments and Overlay Zoning.
- Newburn, D. A., & Berck, P. (2006). Modeling Suburban and Rural-Residential development beyond the urban fringe. *Land Economics*, 82(4), 481–499. <https://doi.org/10.3368/le.82.4.481>
- Núñez, L. (2021). *Commercial corridor redevelopment Strategies*.
- Shenandoah County, VA, County Code Part II §165-12.1 (2023).
- Washington County, MD, Zoning Ordinance §16 (2018).

Description of Changes to Subdivision Regulations

1. Section 21.105 – Parkland Requirements

Addition of Residential Commercial to both the text and Table 21.105.

2. Section 22.208B – Sidewalk Modifications

Addition of Residential Commercial to the provided list of zoning districts to allow off-street trails in lieu of sidewalks on lots greater than one-quarter (1/4) acre.

Description of Changes to Zoning Ordinance

3. Section 4.6 – Distance Requirements

Commercial Uses located in the Residential Commercial District have a 50 foot setback, Planning Commission may waive this requirement.

4. Section 5.1 – List of Districts

Addition of Residential Commercial.

5. Section 5.9 – Residential Commercial (RC) District

The section number has changed from the originally proposed **5.19** in June to **5.9**.

Addition of the Residential Commercial zoning district to the Zoning Ordinance, including the purpose of the district, location qualifications, permitted uses, site development standards, and additional requirements.

6. Section 9.5 – Projections into yards – Added RC to list

This is an exception allowing decks from townhouses or triplex/quadplex to extend 10 more feet into a setback, Residential Commercial added to list of districts.

7. Appendix A – Inserted site development standards for RC

Site development standards have been introduced, they are the same as RG for residential uses. RG has a 40-foot height limit.

8. Appendix B – Inserted site development standards for non-residential uses in RC, fixed a typo.

These development standards are similar to Neighborhood Commercial but refer to Industrial-Commercial for some setbacks and other requirements. There is a 45-foot height limit for non-residential uses.

- 9. Appendix C** – Inserted permitted uses of RC district, added RC to list of districts under table.
RC allows most residential uses, most institutional uses, no industrial uses, and has a mix of permitted and conditional use for commercial uses.

Additional Notes

- 1.** Although new mixed-use or commercial options may exist in the future, the RLIC zoning district still allows more land uses than the new Residential Commercial district and cannot be removed as around 2% of Jefferson County is currently zoned as RLIC. As developers or landowners may still want the increased options offered by RLIC, it will be the Planning Commission's and County Commission's responsibility to discourage or restrict rezoning to RLIC, as well as ensuring that Residential Commercial and other alternatives are known to landowners.
- 2.** In accordance with Article 12 of the Zoning Ordinance and Chapter 8A of the West Virginia Code, the Planning Commission's role is to receive input from the public and to determine whether the proposed text amendment to the Zoning Ordinance is consistent with the 2045 Comprehensive Plan. Following the public hearing, the Planning Commission will finalize the draft text amendments and make a recommendation to the County Commission regarding the amendments to the Zoning Ordinance and the Subdivision Regulations.
- 3.** The County Commission is also required to hold a Public Hearing to receive public input prior to taking final action on the proposed amendment.

Attached changes to STA – Page 25-26, 37

Attached pages of ZTA – Page 6, 53, 73, 80-81, 90-91, 130, 132, 134-137



- width may not be narrower than the minimum at any point within the building envelope. The applicant may define *building* envelopes more restrictively than minimum yard setbacks on the *final plat*.
3. Where lots exceed two acres, the need for rectilinear lot shapes decreases and, provided the provisions of 2 above are met, more irregular lots may be approved where it protects natural features or resources or where it makes the lotting more efficient.
 4. Acute lot corners shall have angles of no less than sixty (60) degrees. Lot corners of less than sixty (60) degrees may be accepted by the County Engineer for lots along road turnarounds.
- C. **Difficult Properties.** Where topography, natural resources, or property shape make normal lot configurations difficult, common drives, *panhandle lots*, or shared easements may be considered to provide access in those situations. They shall not be used simply to avoid more streets.

Sec. 21.105 Requirements for Parkland

This Section is designed to satisfy needs for park facilities in future neighborhoods.

- A. **Visual Access.** Visual access to parkland shall be encouraged from both lots and streets.
- B. **Greenways.** Parkland shall be designed to provide greenways along drainage corridors, streams, or in accordance with a County trail plan. The landscaping along corridors shall be designed to enhance the filtering of surface and subsurface water flows. Trails shall provide access along the greenway and to the residents of the development.
- C. **Design.**
 1. Parkland shall be integrated into the development design to bring significant open space to the maximum number of properties. Small, odd, left-over open space areas shall be avoided. Landscaping may be required to enhance the value of such spaces where they cannot be avoided, and staff may require the concentration of required plant material. The reservation of land for park and recreation purposes shall be in a suitable, convenient location and shall be of a size, dimension, topography, and character conducive to use as a park, playground, playfield, or similar use.
 2. Land reserved for park and recreation purposes shall be reasonably level and dry and shall be maintained by the property owners' associations in a useable condition as part of an overall maintenance program for the subdivision. Land reserved for neighborhood park and recreation purposes shall be clearly identified on the final plat and shall be for the use and enjoyment of property owners within the subdivision. Land reserved for greenways and trails for public use shall be clearly identified on the Final Plat. The County Commission may accept donation of all or a portion of parkland, greenways, or trails for use by the public.
 3. Open spaces/parkland shall be designed to provide areas of focus within the development. In the Rural District, such spaces shall be minimal unless a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) has been obtained. In the [Residential Commercial](#), Residential-Light Industrial-Commercial and Residential Growth Districts, open spaces/parkland shall be



provided in accordance with Table 21.105. Residential Land area is determined by adding the square footage of all proposed residential lots. Up to 60% of this requirement may be met with passive open space in the [Residential Commercial](#), Residential-Light Industrial-Commercial and Residential Growth Districts. Landscaping and hardscapes that include furniture for pedestrians shall be installed to enhance the usefulness of these areas.

Table 21.105 Parkland Requirements for RC, R-LI-C & RG Districts and Development in the Rural District with an approved CUP	
Density in Units per Acre of Residential Land Area	% of Land to be Reserved for Open Space
Less than 2 units per acre	No land required
2-4	4%
4-6	7%
6 to 10	10%
10+	15%

D. **Overlapping Easements.** Easements over environmentally sensitive resources shall not have other easements over the land that would result in the disturbance of the land, with the following exceptions:

1. Pedestrian *access easements* may be permitted anywhere.
2. In order to provide appropriate services, utility and drainage easements may be permitted along any side and rear lot lines of adjoining lots designated for development but shall be minimized in open space areas.

Division 21.200 Site Plan Components

Sec. 21.201 Access and Interconnection

The provision of safe access to adjoining roads and interconnections between adjoining developments is important to a transportation system that works. Access to the State's roads is governed by WVDOH, which is responsible for the review of the site plan for access to the adjoining road network. It is the purpose of these Regulations to encourage connectivity between adjoining uses along arterial and collector roads to reduce the need for traffic to go onto major roads to reach nearby uses. The following governs the review of access and interconnection:

- A. **Access.** The West Virginia Division of Highways (WVDOH) shall review all site plan applications and indicate whether it approves of the proposed access in terms of location and sight distances, acceleration and deceleration lanes, turn lanes, traffic signs and/or signals, and the capacity of the road to handle the proposed traffic.
- B. **Interconnections.** The Department of Engineering, Planning, & Zoning shall review the site plans to ensure that, where interconnections can be made or where adjoining properties have provided for interconnections, the site plan makes the connections. Site plans may be required to be modified to make the connections or to ensure that the interconnections between a number of properties are made in a manner that facilitates movements between sites. The Department of Engineering, Planning, & Zoning shall review the layout and engineering of such linkages to ensure that they are feasible and safe.



- B. Modification of sidewalk requirements.** Sidewalk requirements may be altered or waived if a pedestrian circulation plan that provides equal or greater pedestrian circulation is submitted to and approved by the Planning Commission. These trade-offs may be permitted:
1. In developments located in the Residential-Light Industrial-Commercial (R-LI-C), [Residential Commercial \(RC\)](#), Village (V) and Residential Growth (RG) Districts where lots are greater than one-quarter (1/4) acre in land area to allow off-street trails in lieu of sidewalks, thereby meeting the needs of walkers and cyclists; or
 2. In order to implement the County's Parks and Recreation Master Plan, as set out in sub-section D, below.
- C. Completion of sidewalk networks within the subdivision or site development**
1. In general, sidewalks shall be constructed concurrent with street construction, with special provisions to protect their condition and integrity during the process of building construction. However, this requirement may be waived at the discretion of the Planning Commission if reasonable assurances are provided that:
 - a. Sidewalk segments across individual lots will be constructed after buildings are constructed on the individual lots, but before they are occupied; and
 - b. The timing and phasing of development will result in the completion of the sidewalks on each street segment prior to release of any required construction bond amount for such improvement. Sidewalks shall be installed along street corridors on a priority basis in areas where they are not currently available.
- D. Trails and bikeways**
1. On-street bikeways and off-street bicycling and jogging trails shall be developed in accordance with the County's Parks and Recreation Master Plan to link major attractions and destinations throughout the community, including neighborhoods, parks, schools, churches, public libraries, community centers, major employment centers, and shopping areas.
 2. Stream corridors present opportunities for future off-street bicycle and pedestrian trails to connect with existing or new sidewalks and as means of extending the County's trail system and shall be considered for trail system development in all subdivisions where such opportunities are presented.
 3. In all major subdivisions, a dedicated detached trail or bikeway shall be provided along the public right-of-way for the entire width of the property. This trail or bikeway would be required to be constructed once the County trail plan is established.

Sec. 22.209 Street Lighting

The developer of any subdivision shall be required to install street lighting when lots are less than 15,000 square feet according to the following standards:

- A. Underground Wires.** Street lighting shall be via underground distribution.

Section 4B.7	Wireless Telecommunication Towers ³⁵	65
Section 4B.8	Maintenance & Removal Bonds	70
Section 4B.9	Abandonment & Removal	71
ARTICLE 5:	DISTRICT ESTABLISHMENT; ZONING MAPS; DISTRICT BOUNDARIES; DISTRICT REGULATIONS	73
Section 5.1	Establishment of Districts ¹	73
Section 5.2	Boundaries of Districts	73
Section 5.3	District Maps	73
Section 5.4	Residential Growth (RG) District	73
Section 5.5	Reserved ²³	75
Section 5.6	Industrial - Commercial (IC) District ^{23, 32}	75
Section 5.7	Rural (R) District ^{23, 32}	76
Section 5.8	Residential-Light Industrial-Commercial (R-LI-C) District ¹	79
Section 5.9	Reserved²³ Residential Commercial (RC) District	80
Section 5.10	Village (V) District ^{8, 23, 32, 35}	81
Section 5.11	Neighborhood Commercial (NC) District ^{27, 32}	82
Section 5.12	General Commercial (GC) District ^{27, 32}	84
Section 5.13	Highway Commercial (HC) District ^{27, 32}	84
Section 5.14	Light Industrial (LI) District ^{27, 32}	85
Section 5.15	Major Industrial (MI) District ^{27, 32}	86
Section 5.16	Planned Neighborhood Development (PND) District ^{27, 32, 35}	86
Section 5.17	Office / Commercial (OC) Mixed-Use District ^{27, 32}	90
ARTICLE 6:	Board of Zoning Appeals Applications ³²	92
Section 6.1	Appeals ³²	92
Section 6.2	Variances ³²	93
Section 6.3	Conditional Use Permit ³²	93
Section 6.4	Seasonal Uses ^{5, 7, 32}	94
Section 6.5	Special Exception Permit ^{26, 32, 36}	94
ARTICLE 7:	RESERVED ³²	95
ARTICLE 8:	SUPPLEMENTAL USE REGULATIONS ^{23, 32}	96
Section 8.1	Adult Use Requirements ^{16, 23}	96
Section 8.2	Animal Housing and Feeding Pens ^{23, 32}	96
Section 8.3	Bed and Breakfast ²³	96
Section 8.4	Kennels ^{23, 32}	96
Section 8.5	Farm Brewery, Farm Winery, or Farm Distillery ^{23, 26, 32}	96
Section 8.6	Farm and Farmer's Market ^{23, 32}	98
Section 8.7	Jails and Prisons ²³	98
Section 8.8	Hunting, Shooting and Fishing Clubs ²³	98
Section 8.9	Industrial and Commercial Uses ²³	99
Section 8.10	Model Homes/Sales Offices ²³	102
Section 8.11	Petroleum Products Refining or Storage ²³	102
Section 8.12	West Virginia Legal Fireworks ²³	102
Section 8.13	Dormitory ²³	102
Section 8.14	Special Event Facilities ³⁹	102
Section 8.15	Accessory Dwelling Unit ^{26, 32}	104
Section 8.16	Short Term Rentals ⁴¹	105

2. Uses permitted within the Protection Radius include Residential Uses as listed in Appendix C, barns, and residential accessory structures as defined by this Ordinance. Existing structures (which existed prior to the adoption of this text amendment) within the protection radius may be converted to a non-residential use in accordance with Appendices B & C and shall comply with applicable district regulations as required by Article 5.

H. A commercial use (not including parking) located in the Residential Commercial District shall be located at least 50 feet from a land use identified in Section 4.6B.1-3. The Planning Commission may waive this requirement for developments proposing a mix of residential and commercial land uses.

Section 4.7 Essential Utility Equipment

Essential utility equipment, as defined in Section 2.2, shall be permitted in any district, as authorized and regulated by law and ordinances of Jefferson County, it being the intention hereof to exempt such essential utility equipment from the application of this Ordinance. Wireless telecommunication towers, however, shall conform to the requirements of Article 4B.^{7, 22}

Section 4.8 Buildable Lot

Any lot which was a buildable lot under the terms or regulations in effect at the time of the adoption of this ordinance and which was established or recorded at that time shall be deemed a buildable lot for the erection of a single-family dwelling, subject to the provisions of the appropriate district regulations of this Ordinance.

Section 4.9 Traffic Visibility Across Corner Lots

On any corner in all districts, there shall be no obstruction to traffic visibility within 35 feet of the intersection of the two street property lines of the corner lot. Site plan and subdivision applications must comply with the Intersection Design requirements of the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations.²³

Section 4.10 Site Plan Requirements³⁹

- A. Submittal and approval of a site plan is required for all commercial, townhouse and multi-family residential, industrial, and institutional development in any district and for all major additions or expansions of existing uses as defined in Article 2, in accordance with the requirements of the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations and this Ordinance.^{23, 26}
- B. Site plan submittal is not required for single-family or two-family dwelling units unless planned as part of a multi-unit or mixed use development plan.
- C. Site Plan submittal is not required for any Agricultural Use defined in Article 2. Agricultural Uses which are open to the public (Agricultural Special Event Facility, Farm Market, etc.) established on parcels of less than 20 acres shall process a Concept Plan in accordance with the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations.
- D. The site plan format and informational requirements that must be followed are referenced in the Jefferson County Subdivision and Land Development Regulations, and this Ordinance.²³
- E. The Planning Commission has the authority to waive any site plan standards in accordance with the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations.^{10, 17, 21, 23}

Section 4.11 Landscaping, Screening and Buffer Yard Requirements

Buffer yard requirements are as shown in Appendix A and B of this Ordinance, and are summarized in this section.²⁷

A. Commercial Development²⁷

1. All commercial development adjacent to any Residential district, or any lot with a residence, school, church, or institution of human care shall have a 50 foot or greater unscreened green space

ARTICLE 5: DISTRICT ESTABLISHMENT; ZONING MAPS; DISTRICT BOUNDARIES; DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Section 5.1 Establishment of Districts¹

For the purpose of this Ordinance, all land within the County, exclusive of the incorporated towns, is hereby designated as one of the following zoning districts:

RG	Residential Growth District
I-C	Industrial-Commercial District
R	Rural (Agricultural) District
R-LI-C	Residential-Light Industrial-Commercial District
V	Village District ²³
NC	Neighborhood Commercial ²⁷
GC	General Commercial ²⁷
HC	Highway Commercial ²⁷
LI	Light Industrial ²⁷
MI	Major Industrial ²⁷
PND	Planned Neighborhood Development ²⁷
OC	Office / Commercial Mixed-Use ²⁷
<u>RC</u>	<u>Residential Commercial</u>

Section 5.2 Boundaries of Districts

Unless otherwise indicated on the zoning district maps, the boundary lines of the districts shall follow lot lines, centerlines of streets, alleys, corporate limit lines, or centerlines of waterways as existing at the time of the adoption of this Ordinance.

Section 5.3 District Maps

The districts shall be of the size and shape shown on the Jefferson County Zoning Maps and shall hereby be made a part of this ordinance. A copy of the said maps shall be signed by the County Commissioners upon the adoption of these regulations and recorded within the Courthouse.

The Jefferson County zoning layer is parcel-based, maintained in a Geographic Information System (GIS), and shall be the basis for the County's official zoning map. Within 30 days of final County Commission action on a zoning map amendment, GIS/Addressing staff will update the digital zoning layer and make the new data available online.²³

On an annual basis, in December, and within 30 days of final County Commission action on a zoning map amendment, a new zoning map will be printed which includes the most up to date base layer data, all approved zoning designations since the last printed map, and an effective date, certified by the President of the County Commission, filed with the County Clerk's office, and a copy provided to the Planning Commission. This annual map update shall not require a public hearing and such certification shall occur administratively.²³

Section 5.4 Residential Growth (RG) District

The Residential Growth District is intended to provide for a variety of residential uses and densities which can be supported by central or public water and sewer and adequate roadways and services. This district

B. Standards²³

1. Industrial uses permitted in this district shall be of types that require daily water use of no more than 0.25 gallons per gross square feet of floor space.
2. Light industrial and commercial uses are subject to the standards for such uses in Article 8 of this Ordinance.^{23, 27}
3. Impervious surface coverage shall not exceed eighty (80) percent of the gross land area.²⁷

C. Site Development Standards^{23, 27, 40}

1. All sections of this Ordinance applying to the Residential Growth District with the exception of Section 5.4A will apply to residential uses in this District.²⁷
2. Setbacks, height, and other site development standards shall be as indicated in Appendix A, Residential Site Development Standards, and Appendix B, Non-Residential Site Development Standards, except as provided elsewhere in this Ordinance. All commercial or industrial uses must be in compliance the requirements for such use in Article 8. In addition, a site plan, if required, must demonstrate that traffic patterns created by Commercial or Light Industrial uses (1) will not use adjacent residential roads for through traffic and (2) will connect to principal and major arterial highways as directly as feasible considering access restrictions.^{5, 7, 23, 27}
3. Proposed uses in this zone are exempt from the distance requirements in Sections 4.6A-B if part of a master planned community. This provision shall only apply to the internal use of land under the same ownership.^{7, 27}

Section 5.9 ~~Reserved~~²³ Residential Commercial (RC) District

A. Purpose

The purpose of this district is to permit varied residential uses, including detached single-family residences and higher-density mixed-use buildings, in the same areas as low- to medium-intensity commercial uses, where the commercial uses are appropriate in scale, designed and landscaped or buffered in a way that ensures compatibility with neighboring land uses.

B. Location

This zoning category is intended for use on properties:

1. In the Growth Area as shown in the most recently adopted Comprehensive Plan, if the plan does not include a future land use guide; or
2. In locations where the appropriate land use category is designated on the future land use guide (and related text) in the most recently adopted Comprehensive Plan.

C. Permitted Uses

1. Uses that are permitted, conditional, and not permitted in this district shall be as indicated in Appendix C, Principal Permitted and Conditional Uses Table.
2. Uses shown as conditional uses (CU) for this district in Appendix C, Principal Permitted and Conditional Uses Table shall be subject to review and approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals in accordance with Section 6.3 of this Ordinance.

D. Site Development Standards

1. Setbacks, height, and other site development standards shall be as indicated in Appendix A, Residential Site Development Standards, and Appendix B, Non-Residential Site Development Standards, except as provided elsewhere in this Ordinance.

2. Buffer Requirements and other site development standards are stated in Appendix A for residential use and Appendix B for non-residential uses.
3. For a non-residential use abutting a commercial or industrial use at a side lot line:
 - i. No side yard building setback is required, unless required by Building Code or other law or regulation.
 - ii. Section 4.11A-B does not apply to the side property line that abuts a commercial or industrial use.
4. For a non-residential use abutting a commercial or industrial use at a rear lot line:
 - i. A rear yard building setback may be reduced to 10 feet
 - ii. Section 4.11A-B does not apply to the rear property line

E. Additional Requirements

1. A minimum of 25% of the total tract area of a Residential Commercial development shall be composed of commercial uses. Any mixed-use building that contains commercial and residential uses is considered a commercial use when meeting the 25% commercial area requirement.
2. A residential structure having no attached or included commercial use, excluding permitted Home Occupations, shall not exceed 40 feet in height.
3. A non-residential land use in this district may include residential uses on building levels located above the ground floor.
4. Where mixed-use buildings are planned, appropriate measures should be taken to prioritize resident security, which may include isolating residential areas from commercial areas such as loading docks.

Section 5.10 Village (V) District^{8, 23, 32, 35}

The purpose of this district is to allow recognized villages the ability to provide low level services within their boundaries. This district is generally intended to be served with public or private water and sewer facilities based on proposed lot sizes.

Uses that are permitted, conditional, and not permitted in this district shall be as indicated in Appendix C, Principal Permitted and Conditional Uses Table.²⁷

A. Principal Permitted Uses

1. Residential Land Uses
 - a. Refer to Appendix A for site development standards. If applicable, reduced building setbacks may be permitted in accordance with Article 9.
2. Non-Residential Land Uses in Existing Structures
 - a. Building setbacks, parking and drive aisle setbacks, distance requirements, and landscape buffers are not required when a proposed land use is to be located within an existing structure.
 - b. When additional parking for an existing structure is required, a Site Plan shall be submitted. Setbacks shall be as required in Section 5.10A.2(a) with the exception that a four (4) foot screened buffer shall be required along the side and rear property lines. The screening may be either vegetative (existing or planted) or opaque fencing and may be placed anywhere within the four (4) foot buffer. At the time of the planting, vegetation shall be at least six (6) feet in height.

- i. Approval of the change in zoning designation;
 - ii. Approval of the Preliminary PND Plan;
 - iii. Approval of any modifications to the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations and the Zoning Ordinance; such modifications being associated with the Preliminary PND Plan; and
 - iv. Establishment of any conditions of approval applied by the County Commission.
- 4. If a request to amend the zoning map designation of a tract to a PND district is approved, the applicant may submit applications for the development of the property as a PND development.
 - a. Compliance with Other Ordinances. With the exception of any modifications granted by the County Commission, all applicable requirements of the Zoning Ordinance, the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations, and all other County ordinances must be met, including but not limited to any applicable site plan and subdivision requirements.
 - b. Consistency with Preliminary PND Plan. All applications submitted for the site must be consistent with the requirements of the approved Preliminary PND Plan and shall clearly state any modifications granted.
 - c. Any modifications to the Zoning Ordinance or the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations approved by the County Commission are associated with and indivisible from the approved Preliminary PND Plan.
- 5. Amendment. Minor changes to a Preliminary PND Plan may be reviewed and approved administratively if the Office of Planning and Zoning determines that such changes are consistent with the purpose and general character of the Preliminary PND Plan. An applicant's request for revisions determined substantive by Staff shall follow the approval process for a Preliminary PND Plan as described in this Article. Substantive changes include but not are limited to changes that would exceed one or more of the percentages noted in a-c below.
 - a. A change in total square footage of the development by $\pm 10\%$
 - b. A change in the area of any land use by $\pm 10\%$
 - c. A change in the residential density by $\pm 5\%$

Section 5.17 Office / Commercial (OC) Mixed-Use District^{27, 32}

- A. Purpose. The purpose of the OC district is to allow for well-designed employment centers. Developments in the OC district contain a mix of land uses, primarily oriented to commercial and office uses but also allowing multi-family and attached single-family residential uses. Developments are oriented to principal streets, contain substantial public space and streetscaping, allow for movement within the site and between adjacent sites, and meet the design standards provided for this district.
- B. Location. This zoning category is intended for use on properties:
 - 1. In the Growth Area as shown in the most recently adopted Comprehensive Plan, if the plan does not include a future land use map; or
 - 2. In locations where the appropriate land use category is designated on the future land use map (and related text) in the most recently adopted Comprehensive Plan.
- C. Permitted Uses
 - 1. Uses that are permitted, conditional, and not permitted in this district shall be as indicated in Appendix C, Principal Permitted and Conditional Uses Table.

2. Uses shown as conditional uses (CU) for this district in Appendix C, Principal Permitted and Conditional Uses Table shall be subject to review and approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals in accordance with Section 6.3 of this Ordinance.³²

D. Site Development Standards

1. Setbacks, height, and other site development standards shall be as indicated in Appendix A, Residential Site Development Standards, and Appendix B, Non-Residential Site Development Standards, except as provided elsewhere in this Ordinance.
2. For a non-residential use abutting a commercial or industrial use at a side lot line:
 - a. No side yard building setback is required, unless required by the Building Code or other law or regulation.
 - b. Section 4.11A-B does not apply to the side property line that abuts a commercial or industrial use.
3. For a non-residential use abutting a commercial or industrial use at a rear lot line:
 - a. A rear yard building setback may be reduced to 10 feet.
 - b. Section 4.11.A-B does not apply to the rear property line.
4. Section 4.11.A-C does not apply to the front lot property line.
5. Vehicular parking requirements shall be 80% of the required number of parking spaces indicated in Article 11 of this Ordinance.
6. On-street vehicular parking spaces located within 100 feet of the property where the development is located may compose up to 50% of the number of required parking spaces indicated in Article 11 of this Ordinance.

E. Additional Requirements

1. Of the gross floor area of land uses in a development in this district, at least 75% shall be non-residential uses, and at least 50% shall be office uses.
2. Buildings fronting a principal street must be at least 2 stories in height.
3. A minimum of 75% of the total gross floor area located on the ground floor of buildings in a development in this district shall be composed of non-residential space.
4. Any off-street parking shall be located in the rear or on the side of buildings and may not be located between a street and the front façade of a building.
5. For new development or the substantial redevelopment of an existing site, a fifteen-foot-wide pedestrian zone is required, consisting of a ten-foot-wide landscaped buffer yard measured from the edge of the right-of-way (or from the back of the adjacent street curb) and five-foot-wide sidewalks. If the Comprehensive Plan or the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations identify the property location as appropriate for a trail in lieu of a sidewalk, a trail may be installed.
6. One bicycle parking space shall be provided for each ten vehicular parking spaces. Said bicycle spaces shall not be located within the required sidewalk or in a manner that impedes pedestrian access to the building and may be located within the landscape buffer area provided that it occupies less than 10% of the length of the required buffer, or may be located at the side or rear of the building.
7. Buildings shall be oriented toward the street with one or more entrances facing the principal street adjacent to a building.
8. Commercial and Industrial uses are subject to the requirements for such uses in Article 8.

APPENDIX A: RESIDENTIAL SITE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS TABLE^{27, 32, 42}

Zoning District	Land use	Land Use Subtype	Min Lot Area (MLA) sq. ft.***	Area per Dwelling Unit (ADU) sq. ft.	Min Lot Width	Max Building Height*	Setbacks				Parking/ Drive Aisle Setbacks	Screened Buffers Sec. 4.11
							Front	Side	Street Side	Rear		
Residential Growth (RG)	Single Family Detached Dwelling	Public/Central water and sewer	6,000	10,000	N/A	40	25	12	15	20	N/A	N/A
		Public/Central water or sewer	20,000	N/A	N/A	"	"	"	"	"		
		No Public/Central water or sewer	40,000	N/A	N/A	"	"	"	"	"		
	Small Lot Single-Family Detached Dwelling	Public/Central water and sewer	3,200	7,500	35	40	20****	5	10	20		
	Duplex Dwelling Unit	Public/Central water and sewer	3,200	7,500	N/A	40	25	15**	15	20		
		Public/Central water or sewer	N/A	10,000	N/A	"	"	"	"	"		
	Townhouse Dwelling ⁴²	Public/Central water and sewer	1,400	3,500	N/A	40	25	12**	15	20		
	Multi-Family Dwelling (See Section 4.12)	Public/Central water and sewer	20,000	2,000	N/A	40	25	12**	15	30	12 side 15 front 15 rear	12 side 15 front 15 rear
	Single-Family Dwelling with setbacks not previously stipulated by Planning Commission	Over 40,000 sq. ft.	N/A	N/A	N/A	40	25	12	‡	12	N/A	N/A
		30,000 sq. ft. to 40,000 sq. ft.	N/A	N/A	N/A	40	20	10	‡	12		
Under 30,000 sq. ft.		N/A	N/A	N/A	40	20	8	‡	12			
Rural (R) (See Sec. 5.7)	Dwellings		40,000	N/A	100	45	40	15	‡	50	N/A	N/A
	Single-Family Dwelling with setbacks not previously stipulated by Planning Commission	Over 2 acres	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	40	15	‡	50		
		40,000 sq. ft. to 2 acres	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	25	12	‡	12		
		30,000 sq. ft. to 39,999 sq. ft.	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	20	10	‡	12		
		Under 30,000 sq. ft.	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	20	8	‡	12		
	Cluster Subdivision	See RG District										
Village (V)	Residential uses	See RG District										
Residential-Light Industrial-Commercial (RLIC)	Residential uses	See RG District ^Φ										
Industrial-Commercial (IC)	Residential uses	See Rural setbacks for lots not previously stipulated by the Planning Commission.										
Residential Commercial (RC)	Residential uses	See RG District^Φ										
Neighborhood Commercial (NC)	Residential uses	See RG District										
General Commercial (GC)	Residential uses	See RG District										
Highway Commercial (HC)	Residential uses	N/A										
Light Industrial (LI)	Residential uses	N/A										
Major Industrial (MI)	Residential uses	N/A										
Office / Commercial Mixed Use (OC)	Residential uses	See RG District										
Planned Neighborhood Development (PND)	Residential uses	See RG District. Note: Planning Commission may amend development standards for developments in the PND District (see Article 5).										

The requirements in this table are in addition to any other applicable requirements in the text of this Ordinance. In the event of a conflict with the text, this table shall prevail.

For all lots approved prior to Sept. 1, 1989, lots under 40,000 sq. ft. side & rear setbacks for residential accessory structures shall be 6'. NOTE: In RG district side & rear setbacks for accessory structures under 144 sq. ft. shall be 6'.

See Article 8 of the Zoning and Land Development Ordinance for building setbacks for certain land uses.

All dimensions are in feet unless otherwise indicated.

Φ In the RC, RLIC and RG districts, townhouse lots with a lot depth of 110 linear feet or less and/or a lot area of 3,500 square feet or less, the rear setback of a deck for a townhouse may be reduced to 10', if the adjacent property located to the rear of the subject lot is a dedicated easement or common area and is not a lot that includes a residence.

‡ See setback requirements noted in Sec. 2.2, definition of "Lot, Corner."

* Maximum height subject to Section 9.2

** Exterior side only.

*** The balance square footage between the ADU and the MLA shall not include land set aside in a Sensitive Natural Area, Buffer to a Sensitive Natural Area, land qualifying as Hillside development or a 100 Year Flood Plain.

**** The front setback for a Small lot single-family detached dwelling may be reduced to 10' if the front yard does not contain a driveway.

APPENDIX B: NON RESIDENTIAL SITE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS TABLE^{27, 32, 35}

Zoning District	Development Type ^o	Min Lot Area (MLA)	Min Lot Width	Max Building Height*	Imper-vious Surface Limit	Building Setbacks			Parking/ Drive Aisle Setbacks			Buffers (Sec. 4.11) (Screened / Unscreened) Adjacent Use							
												A Residential district, or any lot with a residence, school, church, or institution of human care (Distance per Sec. 4.6)				Commercial Use		Industrial Use	
						Front	Side	Rear	Front	Side	Rear	Distance Front Side Rear	Front	Side & Rear	Front	Side & Rear	Front	Side & Rear	
Industrial – Commercial (IC) **	Commercial sites 1.5 acres and smaller	N/A	N/A	75	80%	25			15	4	4	75	Street Trees	Narrow Buffer Detail No. M-54	N/A	10(S)	N/A	10(S)	
	Commercial sites greater than 1.5 acres	N/A	N/A	75	80%	25			15	10	10	75	Street Trees	Medium Buffer Detail No M-53	N/A	10(S)	N/A	10(S)	
	Industrial	3 ac ***	N/A	75	90%	50 or 25 if adjacent to Industrial Use			25 or 20 if adjacent to Industrial Use			200	Street Trees	Wide Buffer Detail No. M-52	25(S)	20(S)	N/A	20(S)	
Residential-Light Industrial-Commercial (RLIC)	Commercial or Industrial	N/A	N/A	75	80%	See IC District													
Rural (R)	Churches	2 acres	200	45	N/A	25	50	50	See IC District for commercial sites	N/A	50(U) or 15 (S)		N/A	10(S)	N/A	10(S)			
	Schools, Grades K-12	K-4: 10 ac+ 5-8: 20 ac+ 9-12: 30 ac+	500	45	N/A	100				N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	Hospitals	10 ac	500	45	N/A	100				N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	Other Rural principal permitted uses	40,000	100	45	N/A	40	50	50		N/A	See I–C District for commercial or industrial use; Otherwise, N/A								
	Commercial or Industrial**	See IC District																	
Village (V)	Commercial [‡]	N/A	N/A	35	N/A	25	10	40	See IC District										
	Industrial**	See IC District			35	See IC District													
Residential Growth (RG)	Commercial or Industrial**	See IC District			35	See IC District													
Neighborhood Commercial (NC)	Commercial	N/A	N/A	35	70%	15 min 25 max	10 [£]	10 ^o	See I-C District	25	See IC District								
Residential Commercial (RC)	Commercial	N/A	N/A	45	70%	15 min 25 max	10[£]	10^o	See I-C District	50	See I-C District								
General Commercial (GC)	Commercial	N/A	N/A	75	80%	20	10	25	See IC District										
Highway Commercial (HC)	Commercial	N/A	N/A	75	80%	25	25	25											
Light Industrial (LI)	Commercial or Industrial	N/A	N/A	75	80%	25	25	25											
Major Industrial (MI)	Commercial	N/A	N/A	75	90%	25	10	50											
	Industrial	3 ac ***	N/A	75	90%	25	50	50											
Office/Commercial Mixed Use (OC)	Commercial	N/A	N/A	75	80%	15 min 25 max	10 [£]	10 ^o											
Planned Neighborhood Development (PND)	Commercial	3 acres	See GC District Note: Planning Commission may amend development standards for developments in the PND District (see Article 5).																

The requirements in this table are in addition to any other applicable requirements in the text of this Ordinance. In the event of a conflict with the text, this table shall prevail.

All dimensions are in feet unless otherwise indicated by "ac" (acres).

* Maximum building height is subject to Sec. 9.2.

** If land use(s) approved via the Conditional Use process in accordance with this Ordinance.

*** MLA for Industrial uses does not apply if the site is located in an approved Industrial Park [Source: Sec. 5.6E]

**** Schools in Rural district: Plus one (1) additional acre for every 100 pupils. Minimum lot size for Vocational Schools shall be based on State of West Virginia Code. If a sewer treatment plant and retention ponds are required, acreage shall be increased accordingly.

¥ Non-Residential Site Development in an existing structure in the Village District shall comply with Section 5.10A.2.

‡ Setback may be reduced if adjacent to industrial use.

o For an industrial use, no structures, stored materials, or vehicular parking shall be permitted within the buffer yard. For a commercial use, no structures, materials, or vehicular parking shall be permitted within the side and rear yard buffers.

o A rear yard setback may be reduced to 10' for a non-residential use abutting a commercial or industrial use at a rear lot line

o Churches in any district: (1) are treated as a commercial use on a lot of greater than 1.5 acres in determining buffer requirements and parking/drive aisle setbacks; (2) building setbacks are 25' (front) and 50' (side/rear); and (3) distance requirements do not apply.

£ For a non-residential use abutting a commercial or industrial use, no side yard setback is required, unless required by Building Code or other law or regulation.

APPENDIX C: PRINCIPAL PERMITTED AND CONDITIONAL USES TABLE^{23, 29, 32, 33, 35, 37, 39, 43}

Land Use	NC	GC	HC	LI	MI	PND ¹	OC	RC	R	RG	RLIC	IC	V	Additional Standards
Residential Uses														
Accessory Agricultural Dwelling Unit	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Sec. 8.15
Dwelling, Single Family	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	P	P	P	NP	P	
Dwelling, Single Family, Small Lot	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	NP	P	P	NP	P	
Dwelling, Two Family	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	P	P	P	NP	P	
Dwelling, Duplex	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	NP	P	P	NP	P	
Dwelling, Townhouse	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	P	CU	NP	P	P	NP	CU	
Dwelling, Multi-Family	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	P	CU	NP	P	P	NP	CU	
Day Care Center, Small	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	
In-Law Suite	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	P	P	P	NP	P	Sec. 8.15
Mixed Use Building	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	P	P	NP	CU	P	NP	P	
Mobile Home Park	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	P	NP	NP	
Model Homes/Sales Office	P	CU	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	NP	P	P	P	NP	NP	Sec. 8.10
Home Uses														
Home Occupation, Level 1	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Art. 4A
Home Occupation, Level 2	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Art. 4A
Cottage Industry	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	Art. 4A
Institutional Uses														
Airport	NP	NP	NP	P	P	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	CU	CU	NP	
Airfield, Private/Helipad	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	CU	CU	NP	
Church ³⁸	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	P	
Convention Center	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	CU	NP	
Cultural Facility	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
Day Care Center, Large	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	
Electric Vehicle Charging Station	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Elementary or Secondary School	P	P	CU	CU	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	CU	
Essential Utility Equipment	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Sec. 4.7
Group Residential Facility	P	P	P	NP	NP	P	CU	P	P	P	P	NP	P	
Group Residential Home	P	P	P	NP	NP	P	CU	P	P	P	P	NP	P	
Heliport	NP	CU	CU	P	P	CU	CU	NP	NP	NP	CU	CU	NP	
Hospital	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	
Nature Center and Preserve	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	NP	P	CU	P	NP	P	
Nursing or Retirement Home	CU	P	P	P	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	P	NP	CU	
Park	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	P	
Performing Arts Theater	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Preschool	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	CU	
Public Safety Facility	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
Publicly Owned Facility	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	
Recycling Drop-Off Center	CU	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	NP	NP	P	P	NP	
Residential Care Home	P	P	P	NP	NP	P	CU	P	P	P	P	NP	P	
School, College or University	NP	P	P	P	NP	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	NP	NP	
School, Vocational or Professional	NP	P	P	P	NP	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	NP	
Vocational and Training Facility for Adults	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	
Land Use	NC	GC	HC	LI	MI	PND¹	OC	RC	R	RG	RLIC	IC	V	Additional Standards
Industrial														Sec. 8.9
Heavy Equipment Repair	NP	NP	CU	CU	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	

Heavy Industrial Uses	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	Sec. 8.9
Light Industrial Uses	NP	NP	NP	P	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	** NP	P	P	NP	Sec. 8.9
Manufacturing, Heavy	NP	NP	NP	CU	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	
Manufacturing, Limited	NP	P	P	P	P	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	P	NP	
Printing and Publishing	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	NP	P	P	NP	
Salvage Yards	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU ²	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU ²	NP	Sec. 4.4L
Shooting Range, Indoor	NP	CU	CU	P	P	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	CU	P	NP	
Shooting Range, Outdoor	NP	NP	NP	CU	CU	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Slaughterhouses, Stockyards	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Transportation Terminal	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	NP	CU	P	NP	
Vehicle Storage	NP	NP	NP	P	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	
Warehousing and Distribution, General	NP	NP	NP	CU	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	P	NP	
Warehousing and Distribution, Limited	NP	P	P	P	P	CU	P	NP	NP	NP	P	P	NP	
Industrial Manufacturing & Processing														Sec. 8.9
Acid or heavy chemical manufacturer, processing or storage	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Bituminous concrete mixing and recycling plants	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Cement or Lime Manufacture	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Commercial Sawmills	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Concrete and ceramic products manufacture, including ready mixed concrete plants	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Explosive manufacture or storage	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Foundries and/or casting facilities	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Jails and Prisons	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	Sec. 8.7
Mineral extraction, mineral processing	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	
Petroleum products refining or storage	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	Sec. 8.11
Adult Uses														
Adult Uses	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	Sec. 4.4K, Sec. 8.1
Recreational Uses														
Hunting, Shooting, Archery and Fishing Clubs, public or private	NP	NP	NP	CU	CU	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	Sec. 8.8
Commercial Uses														Sec. 8.9
Antique Shop	P	P	P	P	NP	P	NP	P	CU	CU	P	P	P	
Appliance Sales	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	NP	P	CU	CU	P	P	NP	
Art Gallery or Artist Studio	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	P	
ATM	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Automobile repair, sales and service	NP	P	P	P	P	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Automobile parts, supplies and tire stores	NP	P	P	P	P	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Automobile, light truck and light trailer rentals, indoor	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Automobile, light truck and light trailer rentals, outdoor	NP	P	P	P	P	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Bail Bond Services	NP	P	P	P	CU	NP	NP	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	CU	
Bank	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	P	
Bank with Drive-Through Facility	CU	P	P	P	CU	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Land Use	NC	GC	HC	LI	MI	PND¹	OC	RC	R	RG	RLIC	IC	V	Additional Standards
Commercial Uses continued														Sec. 8.9
Bar	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	CU	NP	NP	P	P	CU	
Barber/Beauty Shop, Limited	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	P	
Bed and Breakfast	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	P	CU	P	NP	P	Sec. 8.3
Brewpub	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	Sec. 8.5

Business Equipment Sales and Service	CU	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Building Maintenance Services	CU	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Building Materials and Supplies	NP	P	P	P	P	P	NP	NP	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Campground ³¹	CU	P	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	NP	P	CU	P	P	CU	Sec. 8.17
Car Wash	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Commercial Blood Plasma Center	NP	P	P	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	P	CU	
Commercial Uses	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	**	P	P	CU	Sec. 8.9
Contractor with No Outdoor Storage	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Contractor with Outdoor Storage	NP	P	P	P	P	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Convenience Store	CU	P	P	P	CU	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	CU	P	CU	Sec. 5.8C (RLIC only)
Convenience Store, Limited	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Country Inn	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	P	
Crematorium, Pet ³⁷	NP	P	NP	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	P	CU	Sec. 8.19
Custom Manufacturing	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Dry cleaning and Laundry Services	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Dry cleaning and Laundry Facility	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Equipment Rental, Sales, or Service	NP	P	P	P	P	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Exterminating Services	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Florist	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	P	
Food Preparation	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Gambling Facilities	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	CU	Sec. 4.4G
Gas Station	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Gas Station, Large	NP	CU	P	P	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Gas Station, Limited	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Golf Course	NP	P	P	P	NP	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Grocery Store	P	P	P	P	CU	P	NP	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Horse Racing Facility	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	NP	NP	NP	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Hotel/Motel	NP	P	P	P	NP	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Kennel	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	CU	Sec. 8.4
Medical/Dental/Optical Office, Small	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	P	
Medical/Dental/Optical Office	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Mobile Home, Boat and Trailer Sales	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	NP	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	CU	
Movie Theater	NP	P	P	P	NP	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Nightclub	NP	P	P	P	NP	P	NP	NP	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Non Profit Commercial Uses	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Non-Profit Community Centers	P	P	P	P	CU	P	CU	CU	P	CU	P	P	CU	
Parking, Commercial Offsite Accessory	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Pawn Shop Services	NP	P	P	P	NP	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Personal Services	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Professional Office	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Professional Office, Small	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	P	
Restaurant	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Restaurant, Fast Food	CU	P	P	P	CU	P	P	CU	CU	CU	CU	P	CU	
Land Use	NC	GC	HC	LI	MI	PND¹	OC	RC	R	RG	RLIC	IC	V	Additional Standards
Commercial Uses continued														Sec. 8.9
Restaurant, Fast Food, Drive-Through ⁴⁰	NP	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Restaurant, Fast Food, Limited	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Retail Sales and Services, General	NP	P	P	P	NP	P	NP	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Retail Sales Limited	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Retail Store, Large	NP	CU	P	CU	NP	CU	NP	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	
Shipping and Mailing Services	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Short Term Rental ⁴¹	CU	NP	NP	NP	NP	P	NP	P	P	P	P	NP	P	Sec. 8.16

Solar Energy Facility ⁴³	NP	See Section 8.20				NP	NP	See Section 8.20					NP	Sec. 8.20
Special Event Facility	P	P	P	P	NP	P	P	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	Sec. 8.14
Storage, Commercial	NP	P	P	P	CU	P	NP	CU	CU	CU	P	P	CU	
Veterinary Services	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	CU	
Wireless Telecommunications Facilities	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Art. 4B
Agricultural Uses*														
Agricultural Uses, as defined in Article 2	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
Agricultural Repair Center	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	P	CU	P	P	NP	
Agricultural Tourism	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
Crematorium, Livestock ³⁷	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	CU	P	CU	CU	CU	CU	Sec. 8.19
Farm Brewery	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Sec. 8.5
Farm Winery or Distillery	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Sec. 8.5
Farm Market	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Sec. 8.6
Farmer’s Market	P	P	P	NP	NP	P	NP	P	P	CU	P	NP	CU	Sec. 8.6
Farm Vacation Enterprise	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
Feed and/or Farm Supply Center	CU	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	P	CU	P	P	NP	
Horticultural Nurseries and Commercial Greenhouses	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	NP	
Landscaping Business	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	CU	P	P	NP	
Rental of Existing Farm Building for Commercial Storage	NP	P	P	P	P	P	P	NP	P	CU	P	P	NP	
Structure must have existed for 5 years														
Special Event Facility, Agricultural	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Sec. 8.14
Accessory Uses														
Accessory Uses	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	

NC Neighborhood Commercial
 GC General Commercial
 HC Highway Commercial
[RC Residential Commercial](#)
 LI Light Industrial
 MI Major Industrial
 PND Planned Neighborhood Development

OC Office / Commercial Mixed-Use
 R Rural
 RG Residential Growth District
 RLIC Residential-Light Industrial-Commercial District
 IC Industrial-Commercial District
 V Village District

P Permitted Uses

NP Not Permitted Uses

CU Conditional Uses (subject to requirements of district and/or other requirements of this Ordinance)

** Accessory Use to a planned residential community, if permitted pursuant to Section 5.4 and processed as a CU

¹ The Planning Commission may amend the permitted uses for a development in the PND District per Article 5.

² Approval process is per the Salvage Yard Ordinance.